Inland River and Export Coal

Michael Gipson AEP River Operations April 11, 2013

2013 NCCI Spring Meeting



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BUCKEYE STAT

One of the Nation's Leading Barge Companies



AEP River Operations is a fully-integrated barge line that delivers over 74 **million tons** of dry cargo for our customers each year.

AEP River Operations' fleet of boats and barges operate from all along the Gulf Coast to as far north as Minneapolis, Chicago, Milwaukee, and Pittsburgh.





AEP entrusts AEP River Operations to manage its coal and consumable supply chain to its power generation fleet on the Ohio River.



Strategically Located Full-Service Inland Waterways Carrier





AEP OPERATIONS

Convent Operations



Convent Fleet

- Operations and dispatch center
- Permitted to hold 650 barges
- Operating 11 harbor tugs, 3 shuttle boats and two dry docks
- 36 barges/day wash dock capacity
- Import loading location
- Mid-stream ship-to-barge and barge-to-ship capabilities

State of the Art Training Facility:

- Deckhand training center
- Dormitory space for 70 employees



One of the Largest River Carriers



Boat Fleet Safety, Reliability, Efficiency, & Comfort

Our Boats are designed to meet our customers needs.



- Reduced emissions by 40%
- Increased reliability, fewer repair-related delays



Decreased fuel consumption by 15%



Advanced safety features



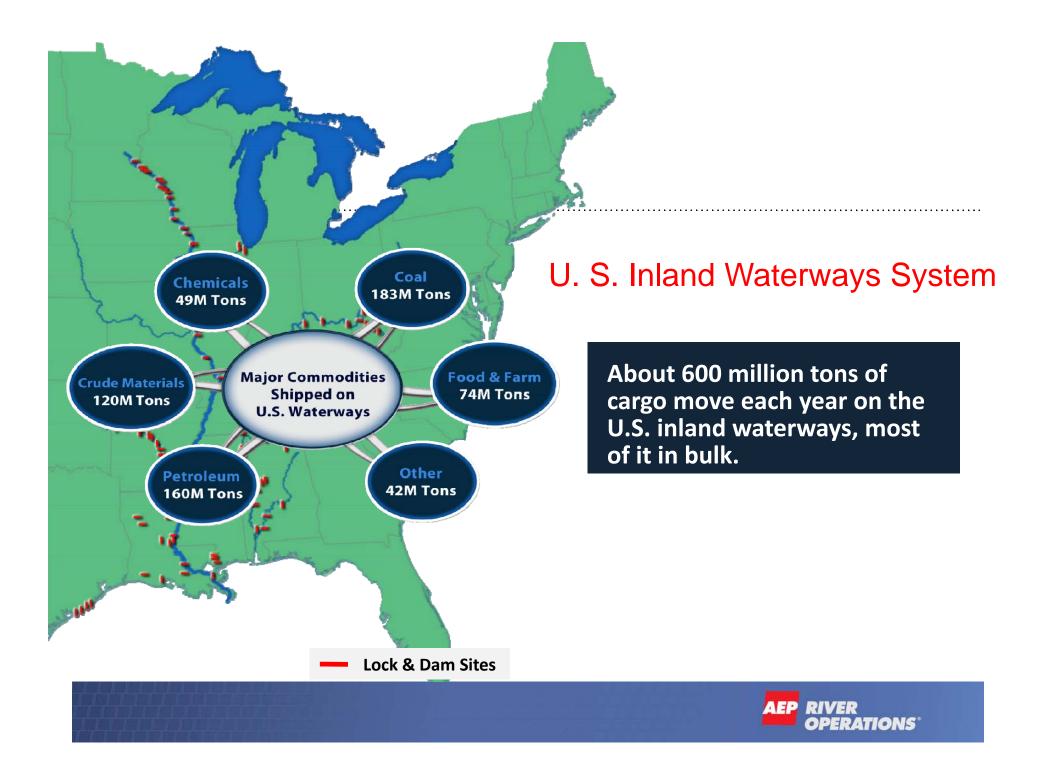
Increased amenities for maximum crew comfort





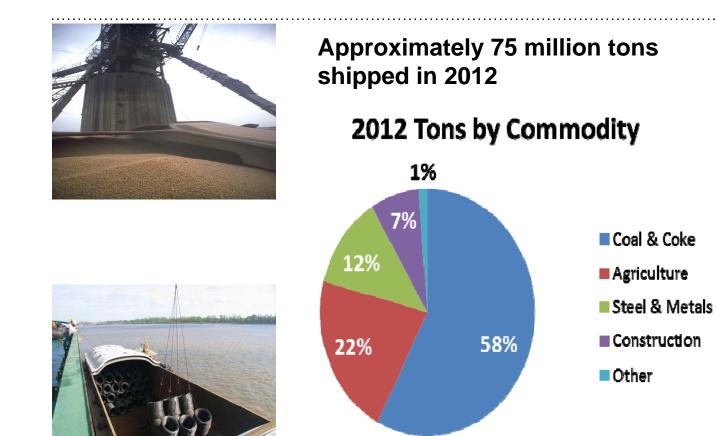






AEP River Operations

One of America's largest dry cargo carriers







The Inland Waterways are the most cost effective means of transporting bulk commodities

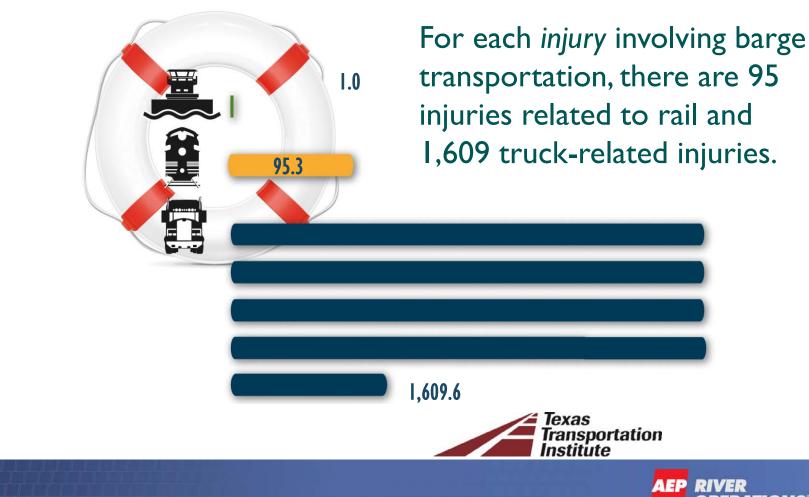
In 2010 our Inland Waterways system moved close to 600 million tons of freight valued at more than \$180 billion. The average cost savings of \$11.00/ton, when compared to rail and truck, means the Inland Waterways System saved the nation ~ \$6 Billion in transportation costs in 2010!



Safest Means of Transporting Bulk Commodities

DIVER

ERATIONS



Drought of 2012









Drought Impact on River Transportation: Pure Economics

Normal ConditionsLow Water ConditionsBarge Draft = 12'Barge Draft = 9'Barge Tons = 2,100Barge Tons = 1,452Barges per Tow = 40Barges per Tow = 25 $40 \times 2,100 = 84,000$ tons per tow $25 \times 1,452 = 36,300$ tons per tow

\$14.00 per net ton rate would be a \$667,800 difference per tow

Drought Impact on River Transportation



- Boats move more slowly: 50 miles per day vs. 200 miles per day
- Delays for passing through narrowed channels (one way traffic)
- Lost nearly 200 boat days to river closures in August and September
- Increased barge maintenance costs



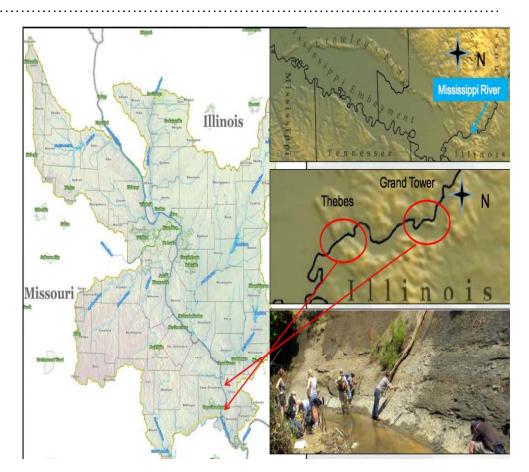
Lower Mississippi River





Mississippi River Shut Down

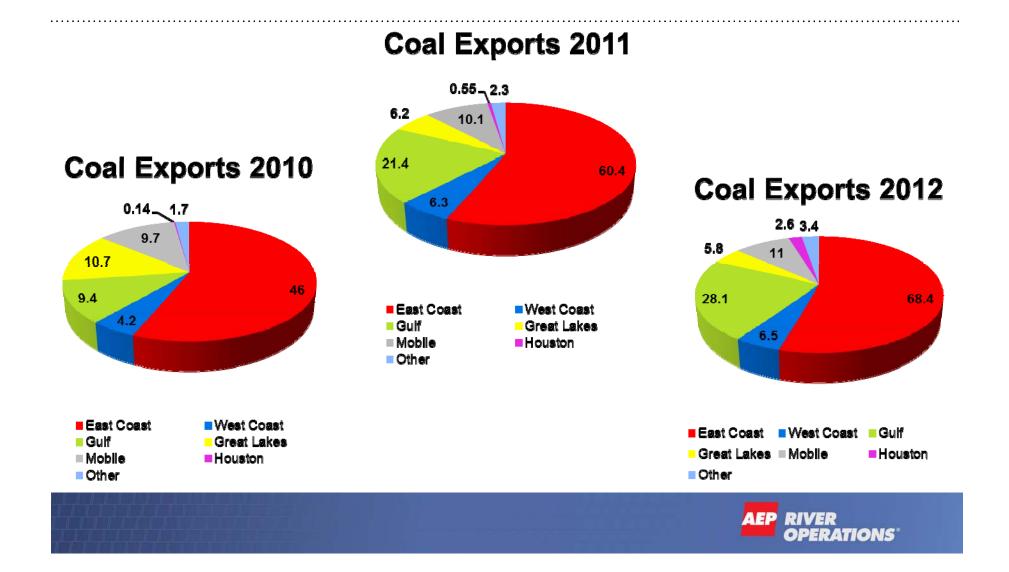
- November 2012 Upper Missouri River reservoirs are low, so USCOE stops river flow
- Anticipation of water levels would drop below 9' draft the first part of December
- Rock removal at mile 78 and mile 46 (Rock Pinnacles), possible complete late Feb. 2013
- Industry concerns of halting barge traffic, divert tonnage to Ohio River



RIVER

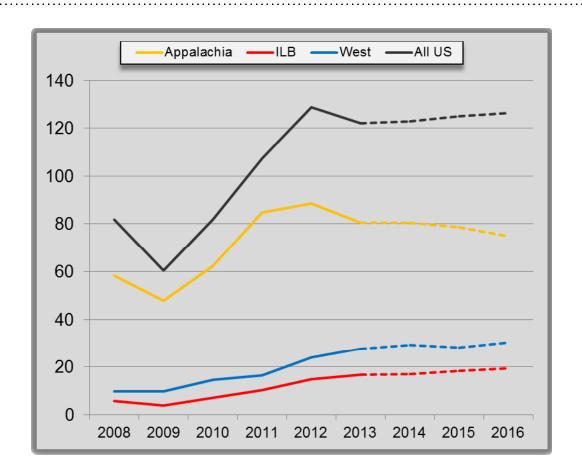
OPERATIONS[®]

US Export Coal 2010 - 2012



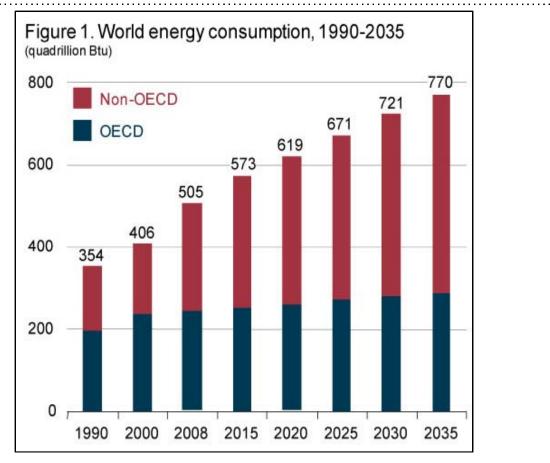
US Export Coal

- Companies continue to invest large sums to increase the Gulf capacity for export coal
- As the East Coast begins to increase tonnage and tightens capacity, opens up door for export out of Gulf.
- As the European markets began to recover, with high gas prices, US coal demand should remain high.



Global Demand to Grow

- China and India will continue with strong growth which increases their demand for coal
- Gas prices in Europe and global demand, will continue high demand for US Coal
- Several believe the Panama Canal expansion will increase tons through the Gulf for Asian market and Mexico.



Source: U.S. EIA

OECD - Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development



Michael Gipson Sales Representative Office – (636) 530-2441 mbgipson@aepriverops.com

QUESTIONS?

